

TEST REPORT IEC 60896 Stationary lead-acid batteries — Part 21: Valve regulated types — Methods of test Part 22: Valve regulated types — Requirements				
Report Reference No	160502697SHA-001			
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Total number of pages	34			
Testing Laboratory	Intertek Testing Services Shanghai			
Address:	Building No.86, 1198 Qinzhou Road (North), Shanghai 200233, China			
Applicant's name:	Shandong Sacred Sun Power Sources Co., Ltd.			
Address:	NO.1 Shengyang Road Qufu Shandong china			
Test specification:				
Standard:	IEC 60896-21:2004, IEC 60896-22:2004			
Test procedure:	Testing			
Non-standard test method	N/A			
Test Report Form No	TTRF_EN60896_A			
Test Report Form(s) Originator:	Intertek ETL SEMKO shanghai			
Master TRF:	Dated 2010-11			
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Test item description:	Valve regulated lead acid battery			
Trade Mark:	Sacred sun			
Manufacturer:	Shandong Sacred Sun Power Sources Co., Ltd.			
Model/Type reference:	SPG12350W			
Ratings:	12V 75Ah			



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Test	ng procedure and testing location:		
\boxtimes	Testing Laboratory:	Intertek Testing Services Shanghai	
Testi	ng location/ address:	Building No.86, 1198 Qinzhou Road (North), Shanghai 200233 China	
	Associated Laboratory:		
Testi	ng location/ address:		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
\boxtimes	Testing procedure: TMP		
	Tested by (name + signature):	Sleif Sui Sleat mi	
	Approved by (+ signature):	Will Wang WWW Wang	
Testi	ng location/ address:	Shandong Sacred Sun Power Sources Co., Ltd NO.1 Shengyang Road Qufu Shandong China	
	Testing procedure: WMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Witnessed by (+ signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
Testi	ng location/ address:		
	Testing procedure: SMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
	Supervised by (+ signature):		
Testi	ng location/ address		
	Testing procedure: RMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
	Supervised by (+ signature):		
Testi	ng location/ address:		



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Test item particulars	Valve regulated lead acid battery
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object:	N/A
- test object does meet the requirement:	P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)
Testing	
Date of receipt of test item:	2014-09-04
Date (s) of performance of tests:	2014-09-04 to 2016-05-25
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the This report shall not be reproduced except in full with	e object tested.
laboratory.	at the written approval of the issuing testing
"(see Enclosure #)" refers to additional information app	pended to the report.
"(see appended table)" refers to a table appended to the	э героп.
Throughout this report a point is used as the decimal s	eparator.
All cells have similar construction and belong to same series.	series. All 12V models incorporate cells of same
After evaluation, throughout this report SPG12350W is the second	tested as typical models.



General product information:

The battery is valve regulated type stationary lead-acid battery for general use.

Model	I ₁₀ (A)	I ₈ (A)	I ₃ (A)	I ₁ (A)	I _{0.25} (A)	C10 (25℃ 1.80V)	C3 (25℃ 1.70V)
SPG12350W	7.5	9.0	18.7	41.3	144.4	75	56.25

Charging parameters were provided by manufacturer				
Model	float charge voltage	Fully charging method		
		Ufinal	14.1V (2.35V/cell)	
SPG12350W	13.50V(2.25V/cell)	I limited	1.5*I ₁₀ ,	
		Max. Time	24h	



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		IEC 60896-21:2004, IEC	060896-22:2004			
Clause	Requireme	nt + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
4	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS					
4.1	Overview					
	The following requirements are grouped into safe operation, performance and durability needs.					
4.2	Safe operat	tion characteristics				
	Test clause	Measures	Purpose			
	6.1	Gas emission	To determine the emitted gas volume			
	6.2	High current tolerance	To verify the adequacy of current conduction cross- sections			
	6,3	Short circuit current and d.c. internal resistance	To provide data for the sizing of fuses in the exterior circuit			
	6.4	Protection against internal ignition from external spark sources	To evaluate the adequacy of protective features			
	6.5	Protection against ground short propensity	To evaluate the adequacy of design features			
	6.6	Content and durability of required markings	To evaluate the quality of the markings and the content of the information			
	6.7	Material identification	To ensure the presence of material identification markings			
	6.8	Valve operation	To ensure the correct opening of safety valves			
	6.9	Flammability rating of materials	To verify the fire hazard class of battery materials			
	6.10	Intercell connector performance	To verify the maximum surface temperatures of the connectors during high rate discharges			
4.3	Performance characteristics					
	Test Clause	Measures	Purpose			
	6.11	Discharge capacity	To verify the available capacities at selected discharge rates or discharge durations.			
	6.12	Charge retention during storage	To provide storage duration data			
	6.13	Float service with daily discharges	To determine cyclic performance under float charge conditions			
	6.14	Recharge behaviour	To determine the recovery of capacity or autonomy time after a power outage			
4.4	Durability re	equirements				
	Test Clause	Measures	Purpose			
	6.15	Service life at an operating temperature of 40 °C	To determine the operational life at elevated temperatures			
	6.16	Impact of a stress temperature of 55 °C or 60 °C	To determine the influence of high stress temperatures on cell or monobloc battery life			
	6.17	Abusive over-discharge	To determine the expected behaviour when excessive capacity is discharged			
	6.18	Thermal runaway sensitivity	To determine the expected times to establish a condition of escalating current and temperature			
	6.19	Low temperature sensitivity	To determine the sensitivity toward damage induced by electrolyte freezing			
	6.20	Dimensional stability at elevated internal pressure and temperature	To determine the propensity of the cell or monobloc to be deformed by internal gas pressure and at elevated temperatures			
	6.21	Stability against mechanical abuse of units during installation	To determine the propensity of the cell or monobloc battery to fracture or leak when dropped.			
4.5	Test result The test res	requirements sults required to verify the charac	teristics defined in 6.1 to 6.21			



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IEC 60896-21:2004, IEC 60896-22:2004				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict	

5	TEST SET-UP (IEC 60896-21:2004)	Р
5.1	Accuracy of measuring instruments	Р
5.1.1	Voltage measurements	Р
	The instruments used shall be of an accuracy class 0,5 or better where required. The resistance of the voltmeters shall be at least 10 000 Ω /V.	Ρ
5.1.2	Current measurements	Р
	The instruments used shall be of an accuracy class 0,5 or better where required.	Р
5.1.3	Temperature measurement	Р
	The instruments used shall have a resolution of 1 K. The absolute accuracy of the instruments shall be 1 K or better where required.	Р
5.1.4	Time measurements	Р
	The time measurements shall have of an accuracy of ± 1 % or better where required.	Р
5.1.5	Length measurements	Р
	The instruments used shall have an accuracy of $\pm 0,1$ % or better where required.	Р
5.1.6	Weight measurements	Р
	The instruments used shall have an accuracy of ± 1 % or better where required.	Р
5.1.7	Gas volume measurements	Р
	The instruments used shall have an accuracy of ± 5 % or better where required.	Р
5.1.8	Gas pressure measurements	Р
	The instruments used shall have an accuracy of ± 10 % or better where required.	Р
5.2	Selection of test units	Р
	The units to be used for type testing according to this part of IEC 60896 shall be selected in accordance with the procedures as standard specified	Ρ
5.3	General test features and rules	Р



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	IEC 60896-21:2004, IEC 60896-22:2004					
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict			
5.3.1	The test units shall not undergo any maintenance operations such as water or electrolyte additions or withdrawals during the entire duration of a test.		Р			
5.3.2	The test units shall be tested in the position specified by the manufacturer in the relevant technical documentation of the product range except for those cases in which a particular position is specified in the test clause. The position used in any given test shall be reported in the relevant test documentation.		Ρ			
5.3.3	The test units shall always be tested fully charged with the method and duration of charge being exclusively that specified by the manufacturer in the relevant technical documentation of the product range except for those cases in which a particular method or duration is specified in the test subclause. The charge methods and duration used in each test shall be reported in the relevant test documentation.		Ρ			
5.3.4	Whenever there is a significant change in a specified design feature, material, manufacturing process, relevant quality inspection and test procedures of the manufacturing location(s) of a product range, the relevant type test(s) shall be repeated to ensure that the affected product range continues to be in compliance with the defined Safe operation, Performance and Durability requirements for the intended application.		Ρ			
5.3.5	Each test and test set-up shall be documented with photographs that give a clear image of the test units and their identification numbers.		Р			
5.4	Number of test units		Р			



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		IEC 60896-21:2004, IEC 6	60896-22:2004			
Clause	Requiremen	nt + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
5.4.1	The number	I below	Р			
	Test Clause	Measures	Number of test units			
	6.1	Gas emission	6 cells or 3 monobloc batteries			
	6.2	High current tolerance	3 cells or 3 monobloc batteries	1		
	6.3	Short circuit current and d.c. internal resistance	3 cells or 3 monobloc batteries	1		
	6.4	Protection against internal ignition from external spark sources	3 valve assemblies			
	6,5	Protection against ground short propensity	1 cell or 1 monobloc battery	1		
	6,6	Content and durability of required markings	3 samples			
	6.7	Material identification	1 cover or 1 case sample	1		
	6.8	Valve operations	3 cells or 3 monobloc batteries	1		
	6.9	Flammability rating of materials	1 sample per material			
	6.10	Intercell connector performance	6 cells or 6 monobloc batteries	1		
				-		
	Test Clause	Measures	Number of test units	Р		
	6.11	Discharge capacity	5 x 6 cells or 5 x 6 monobloc batteries			
	6.12	Charge retention during storage	6 cells or 6 monobloc batteries			
	6.13	Float service with daily discharges	6 cells or 3 monobloc batteries			
	6.14	Recharge behaviour	3 cells or 3 monobloc batteries	1		
	Test Clause	Measures	Number of test units	Р		
	6.15	Service life at an operating temperature of 40 °C	3 cells or 3 monobloc batteries			
	6.16	Impact of a stress temperature of 55 °C or 60 °C	3 cells or 3 monobloc batteries			
	6.17	Abusive over-discharge	4+3 cells or 4+3 monobloc batteries			
	6.18	Thermal runaway sensitivity	6 cells or 6 monobloc batteries			
	6.19	Low temperature sensitivity	3 cells or 3 monobloc batteries			
	6.20	Dimensional stability at elevated internal				
	6.21	Stability against mechanical abuse of units during installation	2 cells or 2 monobloc batteries	-		
5.5	Suggested test sequence					
	Multiple test However, th carefully to does not dis of a subseq problems. In proscribe a may be use specified. T decision on sequence s documentat	ts on the same units are allowed. The test sequence should be planned ensure that the execution of one test sturb or unduly influence the outcom uent test or cause hidden safety in some cases, a test clause may sequence of tests. Separate units d for each test unless otherwise he manufacturer makes the final the test sequence. The adopted test hall be recorded in the relevant test tion.	t e t	P		
5.6	Customer te	est		N/A		
5.6.1	The test uni or commiss defined by a supplier and	its and test to be used for acceptance ioning tests shall be selected and a joint agreement between the batter d battery user.	гу	N/A		



IEC 60896-21:2004, IEC 60896-22:2004				
Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark				
		1		
	For an acceptance or commissioning capacity test, a discharge at the 3 h rate to a final voltage		N/A	

of 1,70 Vpc or as agreed upon between battery supplier and battery user, shall be selected.

6 TEST METHODS AND REQUIREMENTS AND CHARACTERISTICS Ρ 6.1 Gas emission Refer to table 6.1 State data 6.2 High current tolerance Refer to table 6.2 Ρ 6.3 Short-circuit current and d.c. internal resistance Refer to table 6.3 State data Protection against internal ignition from external 6.4 Refer to table 6.4 Ρ spark sources Protection against ground short propensity Refer to table 6.5 Ρ 6.5 6.6 Content and durability of required markings Refer to table 6.6 Ρ Ρ 6.7 Material identification Refer to table 6.7 Ρ 6.8 Valve operations Refer to table 6.8 6.9 Refer to table 6.9 Flammability rating of materials State data 6.10 Intercell connector performance Refer to table 6.10 State data Ρ 6.11 Refer to table 6.11 Discharge capacity 6.12 Refer to table 6.12 Ρ Charge retention during storage Ρ 6.13 Float service with daily discharges Refer to table 6.13 6.14 Refer to table 6.14 Ρ Recharge behaviour 6.15 Service life at an operating temperature of 40 °C N/A Not conducted according manufacturer's requirement 6.16 Impact of a stress temperature of 55 °C or 60 °C Refer to table 6.16 Ρ 6.17 Ρ Abusive over-discharge Refer to table 6.17 6.18 Ρ Thermal runaway sensitivity Refer to table 6.18 6.19 Ρ Low temperature sensitivity Refer to table 6.19 6.20 Dimensional stability at elevated internal Refer to table 6.20 State data pressure and temperature 6.21 Ρ Stability against mechanical abuse of units Refer to table 6.21 during installation

ANNEX A	(NORMATIVE) USER STATEMENT OF REQUIREMENTS (IEC 60896-22)	
1)	Application description information	N/A
	Application summary	N/A
	Load (in A or W) and autonomy time profile(s)	N/A

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	IEC 60896-21:2004	4, IEC 608	396-22:2004			
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result - Remark	Verdict		
	Minimum and maximum system float vol	tage		N/A		
	Maximum or boost charge system voltag available Y/N If yes what value?	je		N/A		
	Minimum system discharge voltage or lo voltage disconnect Y/N If yes what value		N/A			
	Expected minimum and maximum operating temperatures and their duration per year					
	Any other relevant information or operati requirements such as duration and frequ power outages, of diagnostic discharges energy cost saving actions	ional uency of and of		N/A		
2)	Product specification information			N/A		
	Product safe operation in service 0.1 Gas emission (at float voltage and at 2,40 Vpc) 6.2 High current tolerance 6.3 Short circuit current and d.c. internal resistance 6.4 Internal ignition from external spark sources 6.5 Protection against ground short propensity 6.6 Content and durability of required markings 6.7 Material identification 6.8 Valve operation 6.9 Flammability rating of materials 6.10 Intercell connector performance Product performance in service 6.11 Discharge capacity 6.12 Charge retention during storage 6.13 Float service with daily discharges 6.14 Recharge behaviour	Deta for Value to b	Compliance information mandatory Data requested Pass Data requested Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Data requested Data	N/A N/A		
	Product durability in service 6.15 Service life at an operating temperature of 40 °C 6.16 Impact of a stress temperature of 55 °C or 60 °C 6.17 Abusive over-discharge 6.18 Thermal runaway sensitivity 6.19 Low temperature sensitivity 6.20 Dimensional stability at elevated internal pressure and temperature 6.21 Stability against mechanical abuse of units during installation	Value to b Value to b Value to Value to	Compliance information mandatory or on as-needed basis le requested as function of service environment le requested as function of service environment be requested if service environment warrants Pass and show data be requested if service environment warrants Show data Pass			



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	IEC 60896-21:2004	4, IEC 608	396-22:2004					
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result - Re	emark	Verdic			
	1							
ANNEX B	(NORMATIVE) SUPPLIER STATEMENT OF PRODUCT RANGE TEST RESULTS (IEC 60896-22)							
1)	General product type information							
	Product manufacturer				N/A			
	Manufacturing site of tested product							
	Product name				N/A			
	Product model range				N/A			
	Product comprising the above model ran	nge			N/A			
	Product tested				N/A			
2)	Product test performance information				N/A			
	Product safe operation in service		IEC 60896-21 test clause result		N/A			
	6.1 Gas emission (at the float voltage and at 2,40 Vpc)							
	6.2 High current tolerance							
	6.3 Short circuit and d.c. internal resistance							
	6.4 Internal ignition from external spark sources							
	6.5 Protection against ground short propensity							
	6.6 Content and durability of required markings							
	6.7 Material identification	Case		Cover				
	é 8 Value exercition	Baforo		Attor				
	e o Elementation	Core		Cover				
	6.10 Intercell connector performance	C-dise.		Cores				
	Product performance in service		IEC 60895-21 te	est clause result	N/A			
	6.11 Discharge capacity	C.,	C. C.	IC I	Gran			
	5.12 Charac retection during storade	~10	-1 -1		~0.26			
	6.12 Charge retention during storage	Cueles.	18	10				
	6.13 From service with daily discharges	Cycles 24.b	Cat	uze n				
	0.14 Recharge Denaviour	24.11		100.11				
	Product durability in service		IEC 60896-21 to	N/A				
	6.15 Float service life at 40 °C	_	Days with C ₁ r	ate test at 40 °C				
	6.16 Impact of stress temperature of 55 °C or 60 °C	De	Days with C ₃ rate test at 55 °C or 60 °C Days with C _{3 25} rate test at 55 °C or 60 °C		c			
	6.17 Abusive over-discharge							
	6.18 Thermal runaway sensitivity							
	6.19 Low temperature sensitivity							
	6.20 Dimensional stability at elevated internal pressure and temperature							
	6.21 Stability egainst mechanical abuse of units during installation							
	Company name: Company officer Address/phone/tax/e-mail Signature/date/piace Document established as reply for RFI:							

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Table 6.1	1	G	as emissi	ion			Ve	dict:	State data
Test met	thod:								
 Test method: Each cell has an actual capacity Ca ≥ C3 and was fully charged. Test A: The normalized gas emission Ge per cell at float charge voltage conditions at 25 °C: 1. Three batteries in a series string, for 72 h with float charge voltage 40.5V (13.5V / each battery); 2. After 72 h float charge, check whether the battery is leakage or not first. Continue float charging for 168 h and collect gas at the same time. Record Va value and convert to Vn at 25°C; 3. The corrected volume of gas Vn emitted at the reference temperature of 25 °C and the reference pressure of 101,3 kPa shall be calculated by the formula 4. Four cycles, time for each cycle is 168 h; 5. Calculate normalized gas emission Ge. Ge = Vn / (n 168 Crt) in ml per cell, hour and Ah (rated C3), n=1 Test B: The normalized gas emission Ge per cell at 14.4V charge voltage conditions at 25 °C: 1. After test A, three batteries in a series string, for 24 h with charge voltage 43.2V (14.4V / each battery); 2. Then collect gas. Stop collecting when the time is up to 48 h or gas is up to 1000ml. 									
 Rect colle The 101, The each Ge = 	 3. Record the cumulative total gas volume (Va in ml) collected over one period of 48 h or the time tc (in hours) to collect 1 000 ml. 4. The corrected volume of gas Vn emitted at the reference temperature of 25 °C and the reference pressure of 101,3 kPa shall be calculated by the formula 5. The normalized gas emission Ge per cell at float charge voltage conditions (14.4V) shall be calculated for each of the four 168 h ± 0,1 h periods with the formula below: 								
Test resu	ult:		/ 1	,		``			
Model:	SPG123	50W							
Sample No:	168h cycle			(I)	Test A	4			Remark after 72h float charging
1	1	Va (ml)	Vn ((ml)	1a (K))	Pa (kPa)	Ge (ml)	No leakage
	2	777.0	040	0.0 C 0	297.0)	101.2	0.017	No leakage
	2	201.0	20/	0.2	296.0	,	101.2	0.016	-
	3 4	301.0	30	1.3	297.3)	101.2	0.008	-
2		0.011	110	J.3	297.0		101.2	0.002	No leakage
2	1 2	868.0	808	5.0	297.5)	101.2	0.018	No leakage
	2	752.0	75	1.3	298.0)	101.2	0.015	_
	3	368.0	368	8.3	297.5)	101.2	0.007	_
2	4	142.0	142	2.3	297.0)	101.2	0.003	No lookoro
3		903.0	903	3.6	297.5		101.2	0.018	ino leakage
	2 765.0		764	4.2	298.0)	101.2	0.016	_
	3 383.0		383	3.3	297.5	5	101.2	0.008	_
	4	112.0	112	2.1	297.5	5	101.2	0.002	
	Sample	; t (b) to	1000-			st B	(n (ml)		Remark after 24h
	1	ເ _c (n) to		V8	a (IIII) 222.2		1320 /		No leakage
1	1 .	30		1 15	JJJJ.J	1	1023.4	0.095	. to loanago
	2	20	6	44	240.9		1245.9	0.006	No leakage
	2	35	5.6	1:	349.8		1345.8	0.096	No leakage



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Table 6.2	High current tolerance	Verdict:	Pass				
Test method:							
Each battery has an actual	capacity $Ca \ge C_3$ and was fully charged.						
1. The test units shall be	discharged for 30 s with a current equal to 3	imes the 5 min rate c	urrent (to U _{final}				
1,80 V _{pc} at 20 °C or 25	1,80 V _{pc} at 20 °C or 25 °C) or with a current equal to the maximum allowable discharge current, both as						
specified by the manufa	fied by the manufacturer in the relevant technical documentation of the product range.						
2 After the completion of	ation of the specified discharge duration, the test units shall stand for 5 min in open circuit						

2.	After the completion of the specified discharge duration, the test units shall stand for 5 min in open circuit
	and their voltage measured and reported.

Test result:				
Sample NO.	4#	5#	6#	Requirements
SPG12350W Dischar (U _{final} =1.80Vpc)				
The battery status after large current	No terminal melting; No stripe melting; Exterior appearance normal;	No terminal melting; No stripe melting; Exterior appearance normal;	No terminal melting; No stripe melting; Exterior appearance normal;	Show evidence of no incipient melting or of no loss of electrical continuity after 30 s of high current flow
Voltage after open circuit for 5min (V)	12.88	12.89	12.89	Voltage of unit >2,0 Vpc



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Table 6.3	rcuit c	urrent and	d.c. in	ternal resis	tance	Verdict:	Pass		
Test method:									
 Each battery has an actual capacity Ca ≥ C₃ and was fully charged. 1. The short circuit current shall be defined by determining two data pairs in the following way: a) First data pair (Ua, Ia) After 20 s of discharge at the current Ia = 4 x I₁₀, the voltage and current shall be recorded to give the first data pair. The current shall be interrupted after 25 s maximum and, without recharge and after an open circuit stand of 5 min, the second data pair shall be determined. b) Second data pairs (Ub, Ib) After 5 s of discharge at the current Ib = 20 × I₁₀, the voltage and current shall be recorded to give the second data pair. 2. Short circuit current I_{sc} = [(U_a × I_b) - (U_b × I_a)] / (U_a - U_b) in amperes Internal resistance R_i = (U_a - U_b) / (I_b - I_a) in ohms 									
Test result:									
Model name:	Sample No:	la (A)	Ua (V)	lb (A)	Ub (V)	Short circuit current Isc (A)	Internal resistance Ri (Ω)	e Remark	
	19#	30	12.360	150	11.788	2623.01	0.0048	Actual	
SPG12350W	20#	30	12.365	150	11.786	2592.69	0.0048	capacity	
	21#	30	12.359	150	11.789	2631.89	0.0048	Ca > C3	

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Table 6.4	Protection against in	Verdict:	Pass		
Test method:					
1. The test shal	l be carried out at an ar	mbient temperature betw	een 15 °C and 30 °	C.	
2. Fill the test fi	xture with water to a le	evel 3 mm below the un	derside of the top.	Place the ho	old-down frame
over a 0,025	mm thickness of polye	ethylene film cut as show	vn in figure 1. Place	e the frame,	with the film in
place, over th	ne four studs so that th	e film covers the open a	rea between the fix	ture and the	frame. Tighten
the frame do	wh finger tight with wing	g nuts to ensure a gas-ti	ght seal around the	gasket. Fit t	he vent system
to be tested i	nto the lixture.	for any lookage at any	place other than the	vont oponir	a for oxomplo
s. The whole sy with a soap s	olution whilst charging	the gas source battery		e venit openin	ig, for example
4. Within 1 h of	charging the gas source	e battery commence the	aassing test or oth	erwise comr	nence the
spark test.		,	J		
5. The valve as	sembly is deemed to ha	ave passed the test whe	n no explosion or ra	pid combust	ion event
occurred with	in the test fixture.				
Requirements	No evidence of rapid	combustion or explosion	beyond valve/barrie	er assemblie	S
Test result:					
Sample NO.	1#	2#	3#	Re	emark
The gas generate	ed by 0.2I ₁₀ current				
	No fire;	No fire;	No fire;		
Spark1st	No explode;	No explode;	No explode;		
	No other issues	No other issues	No other issues		
0 10 1	No fire;	No fire;	No fire;		
Spark2st	No explode;	No explode;	No explode;		
	IND OTHER ISSUES	IND OTHER ISSUES	INO OTHER ISSUES		



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Table 6.5	Protection against gr	ound short propensity		Verdict:	Pass			
Test method:	nethod:							
Each battery has	an actual capacity Ca ≥	$: 0,95C_3$ and was fully cha	arged.					
1. The case to c	cover seal line of the uni	it shall be placed in conta	ct with a metallic s	urface.				
2. The unit shal	l be placed horizontally	and sequentially on all fo	ur possible faces a	according to the	e time			
schedule in 5	and 6, and float charge	ed, with Uflo as specified	by the manufacture	er, at a room te	mperature			
between 20 °	C and 25 °C.							
3. The units sha	all be connected, to a cir	cuit which applies a d.c.	voltage of at least	500 V ± 5 V be	tween one			
terminal and	the metallic surface (alu	iminium foil strip) in conta	act with the seal line	e.				
4. The negative	terminal of the d.c. volt	age source shall be conn	ected to the termin	al of the unit(s)) and the			
positive termi	inal to the aluminium foi	l strip.						
5. The unit shal	l be placed horizontally	first on face 1 for 30 days	s or until either elec	ctrolyte leakage	or			
significant gro	ound short current flow ((few mA of current) is det	ected.					
6. After 30 days	of test, the unit shall be	e placed horizontally for 7	days on face 2, fo	llowed by 7 da	ys on face 3			
followed by 7	days on face 4 or until	either electrolyte leakage	or significant grou	ind short currer	nt flow is			
detected.								
7. The presence	e or absence of ground	short/leakage phenomen	a shall be reported	l.				
Requirements	No evidence of ground	short and leakage phen	omena					
Test result:								
Sample NO.	electrolyte leakage?	ground short?	Leakage current	measured?	Remark			
4#	No		No					
4#	ΝΟ	INO	INO					



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Table 6.6	Content and durability of required markings	Verdict:	Pass					
Test method:	est method:							
 The test shall be carried out on three of the required markings. Test with water and aliphatic solvent. 1. 1# label is rubbed for 15 s with a piece of cloth soaked with water and again for 15 s with a piece of cloth soaked with petroleum spirit, dried in air and then inspected visually. Test with neutralizing solutions 2. 2# label is rubbed for 15 s with a piece of cloth soaked with a saturated solution of sodium carbonate (Na2CO3) or bicarbonate (NaHCO3) in water, dried in air and then inspected visually. Test with electrolyte 3. 3# label is rubbed for 15 s with a piece of cloth soaked with a solution of 40 % in weight of H2SO4 in water, washed with water, dried in air and then inspected visually. 								
Requirements	Information shall remain readable after exposure to chemicals and	d remain in plac	ce					
Test result:								
Sample NO.	Phenomena observed							
1#	No obvious change, the label is still visible clearly.							
2#	No obvious change, the label is still visible clearly.							
3#	No obvious change, the label is still visible clearly.							



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Table 6.7	Material identification	Verdict:	Pass					
Test method:	est method:							
Battery cover or o	case.							
1. The specified	I information for material identification shall be selected from the list	t of abbreviatio	n published					
2 The cover an	r. d case shall be visually inspected for a marking showing an ISO 10)43-1 defined a	bbreviation					
of the name of	of the polymer(s) forming the bulk of the case and/or cover.							
3. The stability	of the marking shall be tested, if needed, with the test outlined in 6.0	6.						
Requirements ISO symbol present on the outside of the cover or/and case								
		nain in place						
Test result.								
Sample NO.	Abbreviation of the name of the polymer(s)		Remark					
Battery cover(8#,9#)	FF FR							
Battery case(8#,9#)	FF FR							



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Table 6.8	Valve operatio	n	Verdict:	Pass					
Test method:									
Each battery has a	Each battery has an actual capacity $Ca \ge 0.95C_3$ and was fully charged.								
1. The units are f	ully charged and	at a temperature between 25 °C.							
2. The units are c	overcharged with	a constant voltage between 2.60 V	$V_{\rm pc}$ to 2.70 $V_{\rm pc}$ for at I	east 1 h.					
A gas collectio	n cover shall be j	placed sequentially onto each valv	e opening in such a v	way that all gas					
released from	that valve is capt	ured.							
4. If the valve ope	enings are hidder	h by, or integrated in a gas collection	on cover or manifold,	gas flowing from					
the outlet of thi	s cover or manife	old shall be collected.							
5. A tubing shall of	carry the gas fron	n this collection cover to the bubble	e detection device su	ch as for example					
an U-shaped g	lass tubing of ab	out 15 mm diameter and with the t	pottom of the U filled	with water.					
6. The opening of	f each valve, at a	test temperature of 25 °C shall be	e verified visually by c	letecting the					
released gas b	bubbling through t	the liquid at the bottom of the U sh	aped glass tubing.						
Requirements	Gas release de	tected before and after stress tem	perature impact test						
		teeted before and after stress tern							
l est result:									
Model name:	Sample No:	Gas release detected:	Remark						
	7#	Emitted gas observed							
SPG12350W	8#	Emitted gas observed							
	9#	Emitted gas observed							

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Table 6.9	Requiren flammabi	Requirement for definition of the flammability rating of the materials				erdict:	Pass
Test method:							
 The test shall be carried out with appropriately sized samples of the material used for the manufacture of the cell or monobloc battery case and, if different, also of the cell or monobloc battery cover. The test shall be carried out by an appropriate test laboratory The test method used shall be in accordance with IEC 60707 and IEC 60695-11-10 or equivalent test methods for all of the above. The test result and the resulting flammability classification of the material shall appear on a dated and signed test certificate. 							
Test result:							
Precondition temperature	Sample No:	t1 (s)	t2 (s)	t3 (s)	t2+t3 (s)	cotton ignited	Flammability rate level
	А	1.9	1.3	0	1.3	yes	V-0
	В	1.6	1.2	0	1.2	yes	V-0
25°C	С	1.8	1.3	0	1.3	yes	V-0
	D	1.8	1.2	0	1.2	yes	V-0
	E	1.8	1.3	0	1.3	yes	V-0
	А	2	1.3	0	1.3	yes	V-0
	В	1.8	1.3	0	1.3	yes	V-0
70°C	С	1.8	1.3	0	1.3	yes	V-0
	D	1.7	1.3	0	1.3	yes	V-0
	E	1.7	1.2	0	1.2	ves	V-0

Table 6.10	Requirement for pe connector	Requirement for performance of the intercell connector			Verdict:		Pass	
Test method:	Test method:							
 The test shall be carried out with the cells and monobloc batteries destined for the test of 6.11 (discharge capacity at the C_{0.25} or 0,25 h rate with a current I_{0.25} to U_{final}=1,60 V_{pc}) or alternatively with the highest discharge current for a particular unit and intercell connector size as specified/allowed by the manufacturer in the relevant technical documentation of the product range The temperature of the units at the start of the test shall be between 20 °C and 25 °C. The shape, size and construction details and the maximum temperature reached of the intercell connectors during this discharge test shall be reported. 								
Test result:								
	Sample No.	26#	27#	28#	29#	30#	Remark	
	Initial temp. of samples (°C)	25.2	25.6	24.8	25.1	25.0	Discharge current: 162A;	
SPG12350W	Highest temp. (°C)	43.5	43.3	43.7	44.2	43.8	Discharge till	
	Dimension of Connector	Length: 8	30mm; cro	ss area: 6	0mm2;		1.60Vpc;	

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IEC 60896-21:2004, IEC 60896-22:2004

Table 6.11	6.11 Discharge capacity Verdict: Pass							
Test method:								
Capacity C _{0.25} (0,25 h rate) 1. The discharge shall be started within 1 h to 24 h after fully charged. 2. Discharged with a constant current I _{0.25} to U _{final} = 1.60 Vpc. 3. Recorded discharge time and calculated capacity. 4. Corrected the capacity to temperature of 25 °C. θ is the initial temperature, $C_{a25 \ ^{\circ}C} = C / [1 + \lambda (\theta - 25)]$ in Ah _, ($\lambda = 0,01$) Capacity C (1 h rate) 1. The discharge shall be started within 1 h to 24 h after fully charged. 2. Discharged with a constant current I ₁ to U _{final} = 1.60 Vpc. 3. Recorded discharge time and calculated capacity. 4. Corrected the capacity to temperature of 25 °C. θ is the initial temperature, C apacity C (1 h rate) = 1.60 Vpc. 3. Recorded discharge time and calculated capacity. 4. Corrected the capacity to temperature of 25 °C. θ is the initial temperature, C apacity C (1 h rate) = 0.011)								
Capacity C ₃ (3 h 1. The dis 2. Discha 3. Record 4. Correc $C_{a25} \circ C$ Capacity C ₈ (8 h 1. The dis 2. Discha 3. Record 4. Correc $C_{a25} \circ C$ Capacity C ₁₀ (10 1. The dis 2. Discha 3. Record 4. Correc $C_{a25} \circ C$ Capacity C ₁₀ (10 1. The dis 2. Discha 3. Record 4. Correc $C_{a25} \circ C$	$C_{a25 \circ C} = C / [1 + \lambda (\theta - 25)] \text{ in Ah}, (\lambda = 0,01)$ Capacity C ₃ (3 h rate) 1. The discharge shall be started within 1 h to 24 h after fully charged. 2. Discharged with a constant current I ₃ to U _{final} = 1.70 Vpc. 3. Recorded discharge time and calculated capacity. 4. Corrected the capacity to temperature of 25 °C. θ is the initial temperature, $C_{a25 \circ C} = C / [1 + \lambda (\theta - 25)]$ in Ah, ($\lambda = 0,006$) Capacity C ₈ (8 h rate) 1. The discharge shall be started within 1 h to 24 h after fully charged. 2. Discharged with a constant current I ₈ to U _{final} = 1.75 Vpc. 3. Recorded discharge time and calculated capacity. 4. Corrected the capacity to temperature of 25 °C. θ is the initial temperature, $C_{a25 \circ C} = C / [1 + \lambda (\theta - 25)]$ in Ah, ($\lambda = 0,006$) Capacity C ₈ (8 h rate) 1. The discharge shall be started within 1 h to 24 h after fully charged. 2. Discharged with a constant current I ₈ to U _{final} = 1.75 Vpc. 3. Recorded discharge time and calculated capacity. 4. Corrected the capacity to temperature of 25 °C. θ is the initial temperature, $C_{a25 \circ C} = C / [1 + \lambda (\theta - 25)]$ in Ah, ($\lambda = 0,006$) Capacity C ₁₀ (10 h rate) 1. The discharge shall be started within 1 h to 24 h after fully charged. 2. Discharged with a constant current I ₁₀ to U _{final} = 1.80 Vpc. 3. Recorded discharge time and calculated capacity. 4. Corrected the capacity to temperature of 25 °C. θ is the initial temperature, $C_{a25 \circ C} = C / [1 + \lambda (\theta - 25)]$ in Ah, ($\lambda = 0,006$)							
Test result:			, (//	0,000)				
Model name:	Sample No:	Capacity C ₁₀ (Ah)	Capacity C ₈ (Ah)	Capacity C ₃ (Ah)	Capacity C ₁ (Ah)	Capacity C _{0.25} (Ah	y Remark h)	
SPG12350W	1#	81.2	76.1	61.3	44.5	38.2	$I_{10} = 7.5A$	
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
3# 80.6 76.1 61.1 44.3 38.5 C ₈ = 72Ah								
	5# 81.0 76.1 61.3 44.5 38.5 C_3 = 56.1Ah							
	4#	80.9	76.1	61.2	44.5	38.5	$I_1 = 41.3A$ $C_1 = 41.3Ah$	
	6#	81.0	76.4	61.4	44.6	38.5	I _{0.25} =144.4A C _{0.25} =36.1Ah	



Charging parameters were provided by manufacturer						
Model	float charge voltage	Fully charging method				
SPG12350W		Ufinal	14.1V (2.35V/cell)			
	13.5V (2 25V/cell)	I limited	1.5*I ₁₀ ,			
		Max. Time	24h			

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Table 6.12	(Charge retent	ion during st	orage	Verdict:	Pass		
Test method:	Test method:							
 Each battery has an actual capacity Ca ≥ C₃ and was fully charged. The units shall be stored at an ambient temperature of 25 °C ± 5 K and fully disconnected from any external circuit. After 180 days of storage the units shall be discharged without any prior recharge so that their actual capacity after storage Cast (3 h – U_{final} 1,70 V_{pc} at the selected reference temperature) can be determined. The charge retention factor Crf shall be expressed as percentage, and is equal to 								
$C_{rf} = (C_{ast})$ 4. The six individu	$C_{rf} = (C_{ast} \times 100) / C_a (\%)$							
Requirements	Crf ≥70 %	0						
Test result:								
Sample No.		1#	2#	3#	4#	5#	6#	
	Ca	60.5	60.5	60.6	60.5	60.4	60.5	
SPG12350W Cast 53.7 54.0 53.7 54.2 53.8						53.4		
	Crf	88.7%	89.2%	88.5%	89.6%	89.1%	88.3%	

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Table 6	.13	Flo	at service	with daily o	discharges		Verdict:	Pass	
Test me	thod:								
Each ba 1. A di and	ttery has an scharge for 2 followed imr	actual capa 2 h with a cu nediately by	acity Ca ≥ 0, urrent of I = /	95C ₃ and w 2,0 I ₁₀ mair	vas fully cha tained cons	rged. stant within	±1 % where	$e I_{10} = [C_{10}]$	′ [10] in A
Z. A Cr	harge for 22 h with a current limited to I = 2,0 I_{10} and a voltage limited to the float voltage specified by manufacturer for either 20 °C or 25 °C.								
3. The disc 1,80	The cells and monobloc batteries shall be operated at a temperature between 18 °C and 27 °C and the scharge–charge cycle routine a) and b) continued until, during a discharge of step a), a voltage of U_{final} 80 Vpc × n cells per string is reached in a time shorter than 2 h.								
b) s	hall be record	ded.		or cycles at			arge-criarge		ie a) and
5. The with for e	units having a current lin either 20 °C d	reached th nited to I = 2 or 25 °C.	e conditions 2,0 I ₁₀ and a	s outlined in voltage lim	c) shall the ited to the f	en be subje loat voltage	ected for 168 e specified b	$h \pm 0,1 h$ to by the manu	a charge facturer
6. At the curr	the end of the ent of $I = I_3$ to represents the	e 168 h ± 0,′ o U _{final} 1,70 ne residual o d of charge	1 h of charg Vpc and the capacity ava	e, the units e capacity C ailable when	shall be sul c _{af} corrected units, after	bjected to a to 20 °C o numerous	a capacity te or 25 °C and s cycles, are	st with a co recorded. T then subjec	nstant This value ted to a
7. At the equ equ curr C _{ab} trea	At the conclusion of the capacity test outlined in f), the units shall be fully charged and then subjected to an equalization or boost charge according to the manufacturer's specifications. At the conclusion of this equalization or boost charge treatment the units shall be subjected to a capacity test with a constant current of I = I ₃ to U _{final} 1,70 Vpc and the capacity C _{ab} corrected to 20 °C or 25 °C and recorded. This value C _{ab} represents the residual capacity available when the units, after numerous cycles and a prolonged charge with float voltage settings, are subjected to a manufacturer specific equalization or boost charge								
8. The and	test sequen Cab lower th	ce 1) to 7) s nan 80 % of	shall be repe ⁵ Crt (3 h rat	eated until, i e to Ufinal ²	in the steps 1,70 Vpc at	6) and 7), the selecte	the test units ed reference	s show a ca temperatur	pacity C _{af} e).
Test result:	For SPG1	2350W							
Sample	Sequence	e 1) to 7) No	.1	Sequence	e 1) to 7) No	.2	Sequence	e 1) to 7) No	.3
No.	Value a) Number of 2 h cycles	Value b) Caf	Value c) Cab	Value a) Number of 2 h cycles	Value b) Caf	Value c) Cab	Value a) Number of 2 h cycles	Value b) Caf	Value c) Cab
1#	164	94.8%	95.9%	81	84.8%	91.3%	25	81.6%	87.4%
2#	164	94.8%	95.8%	81	84.7%	91.5%	25	81.5%	87.5%
3#	164	95.2%	96.9%	81	84.7%	91.6%	25	81.6%	87.5%
Sample No	Number o	fsequence	s 1) to 7)		Total num	ber of cycl	es achieved		
1#	3				270				
2#	3				270				
3#	3				270				
Note 1: 12.054V	The batterie (1#), 12.059 Verdict is bat	es are disch 9V (2#) and sed on curr	arged for st 12.063V (3	tep 1 and s #), more that ults	tep 2. The an end cond	end voltag dition 10.8	e of final 2	h cycle diso	charging is



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Table 6.14	Recharg	Recharge behaviour Verdict: Pass						
Test method:	nethod:							
Each battery has	an actual cap	bacity $Ca \ge C_1$	$_0$ and was full	ly charged.				
1. Three m	onobloc batte	eries in a singl	e string.		ad a constant.	summer of I		
2. The strir	lg shall be dis J _{cut} n x 1 80	V. This cap	acity Ca value	shall be corr	ected to 25 °C	current of I =	I_{10} to a string	
3. After the	discharge ar	nd a 1 h stand	in the discha	rged state, the	e units shall be	e recharged, v	with unit	
tempera	ture of 25 °C	, with a curren	t limited to I =	$\stackrel{\circ}{=} 2.0 I_{10}$ and a	a voltage limite	d to the float	voltage	
specified	by the manu	ufacturer for 2	5 °C.					
4. After 24	h of charge t	he units shall	be immediate	ly discharged	again with a c	current of I_{10} t	o a string	
5 The cap	acity found at	ter 24 h of ch	acity value C_a	24 Shall be con	ad as percenta	o. ae of the initi	al actual	
capacity	(recharge be	haviour factor	(R_{bf}) as follow	vs:		go or the line		
R _{bf24h}	= (C _{a24} × '	100) / C _a %						
6. The unit	s shall be full	y recharged a	nd then agair	discharged,	with unit temp	erature of 25	°C and a	
constant	current of I =	= I ₁₀ to a string	g voltage of n	× 1.80 V _{pc} . TI	his capacity Ca	a value shall	be corrected	
to 25 °C 7 After the	discharge ar	nd a 1 h stand	in the discha	raed state th	e units shall be	e recharged v	with a current	
limited to	$I = 2.0 I_{10} a$	nd a voltage li	imited to the f	loat voltage s	pecified by the	manufacture	er for 25 °C.	
8. After 168	3 h of charge	the units shal	l be discharge	ed again with	a current of I_{10}	to a string vo	oltage of U _{final}	
n × 1.80	V _{pc} . This cap	acity value C	a168 shall be c	orrected to 25	°C.			
9. The cap	acity found al	tter 168 h C_{a16}	₈ shall be exp	oressed as pe	rcentage of the	e initial actual	capacity	
Rhanne h	= $(C_{-400} \times$	100) / C	%	5.				
Requirements	Rhf24h	$\geq 90\%$ Bhf1	168h>98% t	o individual te	sted units			
Tost result:	T(012-TI)							
Model name:	Sample No:		C (Ab)	D (0/)		C (Ab)	D (0/)	
Model Hame.		C _{a24} (AII)		N _{bf24h} (70)	C _{a168} (AII)		Nbf168h (70)	
	#							
SPG12350W 2	2# 80.8 80.9 99.91% 81.1 80.9 100.19%							
	3#							
Note								

Charging parameters were provided by manufacturer						
Model	float charge voltage	Fully charging method				
SPG12350W		Ufinal	14.1V (2.35V/cell)			
	13.5V (2.25V/cell)	I limited	1.5*I ₁₀ ,			
		Max. Time	24h			

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Table 6.15	Service life a 40 °C	life at an operating temperature of Verdict: Pass and stor testing					
Test method:			·				
Each battery has an	actual capacity	y Ca \geq 0,95C ₃ and was fully charge	ed.				
1. The units s 25 °C.	hall be float ch	arged at 40 °C with the manufactur	er's recommended fl	oat voltage for			
 Every 118 over the second secon	days ± 3 days t ting, be subject	he units shall, after cooling down to ed within 24 h \pm 12 h to a determin	o room temperature u ation of their individu	Inder float charge Ial actual capacity C _a			
 No charge determinati enclosure a individual a until the act 	3. No charge with voltages beyond the float charge voltage is admissible before or after such a capacity determination. After capacity determination, the units are returned to float charge in the hot air enclosure as in 6.15.6 for another 118 days at 40 °C. The test of a unit is terminated when the individual actual capacity of that unit is less than 0.8 C _{rt} . The remaining units continue to be tested until the actual capacity of each unit is less than 0.8 C _{rt} .						
4. The individ K.	ual capacity va	lues C _a shall be plotted in a graph	as function of days e	apsed at 40 °C ± 2			
 For each of the individu determined elapsed. 	f the three cells al C _a data poir in terms of ela	or monobloc batteries, the intersents, with a horizontal line representi psed days at 40 °C and reported a	ction of the regressio ng a capacity level of s the three individual	n line, connecting $0,8 C_{rt} (C_3)$ shall be values of days			
Test result:							
Model name:	Sample No:	Ca after each 118 days cycle	Nur cyc	nber for 118 days les			
	1#	$58.0 > 45(2^{nd} \text{ cycle})$	2				
SPG12350W	2#	58.5 > 45 (2 nd cycle)	2				
	3# 58.5 > 45 (2 nd cycle) 2						
Note 1: $0.8C_3 = 0.8*5$ Note 2: Verdict is ba	56.1 Ah=45Ah sed on current	(SPG12350W) test results. One 118 days cycle c	onducted.				

Table 6.16	Impact of a s 60 °C	tress temperature of 55 °C or Verdict: Pass and stop testing				Pass and stop testing		
Test method:			<u>.</u>					
Each battery has a 1. The units voltage fo	 Each battery has an actual capacity Ca ≥ 0,95C₃ and was fully charged. 1. The units shall be float charged at 55 °C or 60 °C with the manufacturer's recommended float voltage for 25 °C. 2. When tested at 55 °C, the units shall be seeled down, every 42 down, a down, to ream temperature. 							
 When tested at 55 °C, the units shall be cooled down, every 42 days ± 3 days, to room temperature under float charge setting and subjected, within 24h ± 12h, to a determination of their individual actual capacity Ca (at the 3 h rate to Ufinal 1,70 Vpc and/or at the 0,25 h rate to Ufinal 1,60 Vpc at the selected reference temperature). When tested at 60 °C, the units shall be cooled down, every 30 days ± 3 days, to room temperature under float charge and subjected, within 24 h ± 12 h, to a determination of their individual actual capacity Ca (at the 3 h rate to Ufinal 1,70 Vpc and/or at the 0,25 h rate to Ufinal 1,60 Vpc at 1,60 Vpc at the selected reference temperature). After capacity determinations, the units are returned to float charge in the hot air enclosure as in 6.16.6 for another 42 days at 55 °C (or 30 days at 60 °C). The test is terminated for a unit when the individual actual capacity of that unit is less than 0,8Crt. At the 3 h and/or the 0,25 h rate The remaining units continue to be tested until the actual capacity of each unit is less than 0,8Crt. 								
Requirement and s	service environm	ent Davs at elevated	d temperature. o	n float charge.	of the	units to a		
		residual capacity	/ of 0,8 Crt	,				
Requirement and	service	at 55	5 °C		at 60	O° (
environment		Ca after each 42 days cycle		Ca after each		30 days cycle		
		3 h rate	0,25 h rate	3 h rate		0,25 h rate		
		discharge test	discharge test	discharge t	est	discharge test		
Brief duration exp	osure time	≥150 days	≥75 days	≥105 days		≥55 days		
Medium duration	exposure time	≥250 days	≥175 days	≥175 days		≥90 days		
Long duration exp	osure time	≥350 days	≥175 days	≥250 days		2125 days		
NOTE The requir	exposure time	2500 days	≥250 days	2350 days	ط س ان	2175 days		
Test result:		to the average bo						
Model name:	Sample No:	Ca after each 42 o	days cycle (55 °C	C impact)	Numl cycle	ber for 42 days s		
SPG12350W	1#							
	2#							
	3#							
Model name:	Sample No:	Ca after each 30 c	days cycle (60 °C	C impact)	Numl cycle	ber for 30 days		
SPG12350W	1#	60.2 > 45 (1 st cycle); 45.7 >45 (10 th cycle) 10						
2# 60.3 > 45 (1 st cycle); 46.1 > 45 (10 th cycle) 10								
	3# 60.3 > 45 (1 st cycle): 46.2 > 45 (10 th cycle) 10							
Note 1: passed cur Note 2: SPG1235 capacity considere Note 3: Verdict is b	rrent cycle and m 0W tested accou d as end conditio pased on current	ore cycles on runn rding 3 h discharg on; test results.	ing. ing rate ($C_3=56$.1Ah), 80%Crte	(45 A	h)limits of above		

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Table 6.17	Abusive over-discharg	e	Verdict:	Pass				
Test method:								
Each battery h	Each battery has an actual capacity $Ca \ge C_3$ and was fully charged.							
One of the 4 units shall be discharged, at a unit temperature of 18 °C to 27 °C, with a current of 110 for								
3 h ai	nd then connected to the remain	ning 3 fully charged unit	s in series and with th	e intercell				
conne	ctors giving, between each unit	s, an air gap of 10 mm	or as specified in the	appropriate				
techn	cal documentation of the produ	ct range.	d hottorioo otring)					
unpa 1 This f	anced string over-discharge	test (four fully charge	a patteries string)	8 °C to 27 °C with				
	pot $L = L_{12} (1 L_{12} + 1.80 V_{12})$ uptil th	analyeu, with all unit ten	initially fully charged u	o C l0 27 C, with				
voltac	$r_{10} = r_{10} (O_{\text{final}} + 7,00 \text{ V}_{\text{pc}}) \text{ drift in } r_{10}$	ere n is the number of (cells in this substring					
2 After	the discharge and a 24 h + 0.1 h	n stand in the discharge	ed state the four unit s	string shall be				
recha	raed in series for 168 h \pm 0.1 h	with a current limited to	$I = 2.0 I_{10}$ and a volta	ae limited to the				
float	oltage specified by the manufa	cturer for either 20 °C o	r 25 °C.	0				
3. At the	end of the 168 h \pm 0,1 h of cha	rge, the units shall be s	subjected, as a four ur	nit string, to a				
capad	ity test with a constant current o	of $I = I_3$ to a U_{final} of $4 \times I_3$	n × 1,70 V_{pc} and the c	apacity Ca				
corre	ted to 20 °C or 25 °C.							
4. The c	apacity Ca of the string shall be	referenced to the rated	d capacity Crt (3 h – U	_{final} 1,70 Vpc at the				
selec	ed reference temperature) as s	hown below and gives I	the unbalanced over-o	discharge C _{aod}				
capad	ity ratio. This value shall be rep	orted.						
C _{aod} =	Ca/ Cil	ully charged batteries	string)					
1 The	nits shall be discharged individu	ally or as a string with	all unit temperatures	between 18 °C to				
27 °C	and with a constant current of	$= I_{10}$ to a voltage U _{final} (of n \times 1.25 V _m where	n is the number of				
cells	per unit or string.		ο,_ορο.ο					
2. After	the discharge and a 1 h \pm 0,1 h	stand in the discharged	state, the units shall	be recharged for				
168 h	± 0,1 h with a current limited to	$I = 2,0 I_{10}$ and a voltage	e limited to the float vo	oltage specified by				
the m	anufacturer for either 20 °C or 2	25 °C.						
3. The s	equence outlined above shall be	e repeated 5 times.						
4. At the	end of the fifth 168 h \pm 0,1 h of	charge, the units or the	e string shall be					
5. subje	cted to a capacity test with a col	instant current of $I = I_3$ to	$D U_{final}$ of n × 1,70 V _{pc}	and the capacity Ca				
Correct Correct	20°	atring aboll be referen	and to the roted cone	oity Ort (2 b II				
0. The C	/nc at the selected reference te	moerature) as shown b	elow and gives the cy	clic over-discharge				
	apacity ratio. This value(s) shall	be reported	clow and gives the by	one ever diseriarge				
C _{aoc} =	Ca / Crt							
Test result:								
Model name:	Sample No:	Ca (Ah)	Crt (Ah)	C _{aod} (%)				
SPG12350W	four fully charged batteries	59.2	56.1	107%				
	string (16#/17#/18#/19#)							
	Sample No:			C _{aoc}				
	three fully charged batteries string (10#/11#/12#)	70.8/70.4/70.3	67.5	1.05/1.04/1.04				

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Table 6.18	Table 6.18Thermal runaway sensitivityVerdict:Pass							
Test method:								
Each battery has an actual capacity $Ca \ge C_3$ and was fully charged.								
1. The units shall be assembled with the intercell connectors.								
2. The amb	ient temperature	shall be between 20 °C to 25 °C du	ring the test and any	natural airflow				
across th	e units shall be s	ower than 0,5 m.s–1.						
3. Tempera	ture probes, with	a resolution of 1 K and allowing a c	continuous registratio	n of the				
temperat	ure (interval betw	een temperature measurements <	0,25 h), shall be inst	alled as Figures /				
and 8		dentifier a commence of all a comment and a		- Could be low. The				
4. The strin	g shall be charge	d with a source of d.c. current and with on c	with a voltage as spe	cified below. The				
current n		s = 100000000000000000000000000000000000		i anu al an interval,				
5 The cond	topt charge volte	0.000 ≈ 0.20 II.	o string shall be set	t_{0} n x 2 45 V +				
	throughout the te	ye, measured at the terminals of the	e string, shall be set	$10 \text{ H} \times 2,43 \text{ V}_{\text{pc}} \pm$				
6 The elap	sed time of chara	e to a unit temperature of 60 $^{\circ}$ C + 1	K measured with th	e probe a) at the				
surface of	r the temperature	e reached after 168 h continuous ch	arge, shall be record	led and the test				
stopped	whichever comes	first.	J J J J J J J J J J					
7. The strin	g shall then be co	oled down to room temperature in	open circuit conditior	n				
8. The prev	iously utilized stri	ng shall be charged with a source c	of d.c. current and wit	h a voltage as				
specified	below. The curre	nt flowing through the string shall b	e monitored with an	appropriate				
resolution	n at an interval be	tween measurements of \leq 0,25 h.						
9. The cons	tant charge volta	ge, measured at the terminals of the	e string, shall be set	to n × 2,60 V _{pc} ±				
$0,01 V_{pc}$	inrougnout the tes	st, where h is the number of cells in	the string.	a proba a) at the				
TU. The elap	sed lime of charg	e to a temperature of unit 60 $C \pm 1$	K, measured with tr	le probe a) at the				
stonned	whichever comes	first	large, shall be record					
Requirements	Achieve at l	aast 1 week below 60 °C at 2 45 Vr	nc and at least 24 h h	elow 60 °C at 2 60				
requiremento	Vpc			00 0 0 2,00				
	Show ultima	te time to 60 °C or ultimate temper	ature after 168 h at 2	2.45 Vpc and 2.60				
	Vpc.							
Test result:								
Model name:	Sample No:	Duration of charge until a unit	Duration of cha	rge until a unit				
		temperature of 60 °C ± 1 K (probe	e temperature of	60 °C ± 1 K (probe				
	a) is reached or the effective a) is reached or the effective							
		temperature (probe a) after 168 h	temperature (pr	obe a) after 168 h				
		of charge with 2,45 Vpc	of charge with 2	2,60 Vpc				
	Six batteries							
3691233000	String (26#-31#)	25.3 U	3	00.4 U				
(26#~31#)								

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Table 6.19	Low te	mperature sensit	ivity V	Verdict:	Pass			
Test method:								
 Each battery has an actual capacity Ca ≥ C₃ and was fully charged. The units shall be individually discharged with a current of I = I₁₀ to an U_{final} of n × 1,80 V_{pc} at a unit temperature between 18 °C and 27 °C. The discharged units shall then be placed in a test chamber with a forced flow of air baying a temperature. 								
 of -18 °C ± 2 K. After 72 h ± 1 h of residence in the test chamber the units shall be withdrawn from the test chamber and, after 24 h ± 1 h of stand at open circuit, charged in a room with an ambient temperature between +18 to +27 °C for 168 h ± 0.1 h with a current limited to I =2.0 I₁₀ and a voltage limited to the float voltage specified by the manufacturer for either 20 °C or 25 °C. The units shall then be individually discharged with a current of I =I₃ to an U_{final} of n × 1.70 V_{pc} and the actual capacity C_a corrected to 20 °C or 25 °C shall be recorded. The capacity C_a of each unit shall be referenced to the rated capacity C_{rt}. (3 h – U_{final} 1.70 Vpc at the selected reference temperature) as shown below and gives the C_{als} capacity ratio. 								
$C_{als} = C_a / C_{rt}$								
 These units shall be individually discharged in this second test, before low temperature exposure, with a current of I = I₃ to an U_{final} of n x 1.70 V_{pc} at a unit temperature between 18 °C and 27 °C. 								
Requirements Cals >0,95 and no mechanical damages and report eventual freezing induced damages								
Test result:								
Sample No.		20#	21#	22#	Remark			
SPG12350W	Ca (Ah)	58.9	58.8	59.0	Ca>Crt			
	Ca 25°C (Ah)	59.2	59.1	59.4	Ca>Crt			
Cals (%)		105.6%	105.4%	105.8%	>95%			
Battery status		No rupture; No bulge						

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Table 6.20Dimensional stabil pressures and tem		y at elevated inter eratures	rnal Verdict:	Pass				
Test method:			L.					
 The test unit, inclusive eventual standard structural stabilizing features, shall be adapted with a pressure regulator to maintain a pressure in all interior cavities of the test unit equal to the maximum valve opening pressure present in units and as specified by the manufacturer. This value shall be measured and reported. This specified pressure shall be maintained throughout the test. The maximum outside dimension (width and length) of the cell case shall be measured before pressurization and recorded. The pressurized unit shall be placed into a chamber with recirculating air at a temperature of 50 °C ± 2 K. After 24 h ± 0,1 h of residence in the test chamber and under pressure, the maximum outside dimension (width and length) of the cell case shall be reported at a temperature as close as possible to 50 °C ± 2 K. The increase in the cell case dimensions after 24 h ± 0,1 h at 50 °C ± 2 K shall be reported both as percentage deviation from the value before the test and as measured change in mm. 								
Sample No.		Inner gas pressure/kPa	Temperature in Chamber/°C	Remark				
1#	Gas pressure shall be same with maximum valve open	16-19kPa	50.0	Keep pressure during				
2#	pressure provided by manufacturer. Stay in high	16-19kPa	50.0	staying in high temperature chamber, record every 4hours.				
3#	temperature chamber for 24h±0.1h, record.	16-19kPa	50.0					
		Max Length	Max Width					
SPG12350W	Battery dimension before pressuring /mm	267	171	Measure before pressuring				
	Battery dimension after pressuring for 24h /mm	267	171	Measure under 50°C ±2°C condition				
	Dimension change value/mm	0	0					
	Dimension change rate/ %	0	0					

Table 6.21Stability against during installatic		nechanical abuse of units n		Verdict:	Pass			
Test method:								
 The units shall be dropped according to the height prescriptions of IEC 60068-2-32 and amendment. Two "Free Fall", for resistance against leakages caused by two drops each onto a smooth, level concrete floor from drop heights as specified below: a) Fall from 100 mm for units weighing up to 50 kg b) Fall from 50 mm for units weighing between 50 kg and 100 kg The drop test conditions shall assure, with test arrangements as shown in Figures 9, 10 and 11 below, reproducible impact points for the shortest edge drop impact and the corner impact. The two impacts, per impact type, shall be on the same corner and on the same shortest edge. For the corner and edge drops, the unit shall be oriented in such a fashion that a straight line drawn through the struck corner/edge and the unit geometric centre is approximately perpendicular to the impact surface. Each of the units shall be inspected, after the two consecutive drops, for gas and liquid leaks with adequate and sensitive means such as a high voltage (2 kV to 5 kV) dielectric breakdown test, helium leak detectors, hydrogen detectors, pH indicator paper and the like and the findings documented and reported. 								
Requirements	equirements No leakage detectable after two times two drops							
Test result:	Test result:							
Sample No.								
5#	Shortost adap drops	Whether there is container broken or leakage trend	First tim	e No broke leakage tr	n or end			
6#	Shortest eage drops		Second ti	me No broke leakage tr	n or Free drop rend from			
5#			First tim	e No broke leakage tr	n or 100mm end height			
6#	6#		Second ti	me No broke leakage tr	n or end			



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IEC 60896-21:2004, IEC 60896-22:2004

Photos:

SPG12350W







